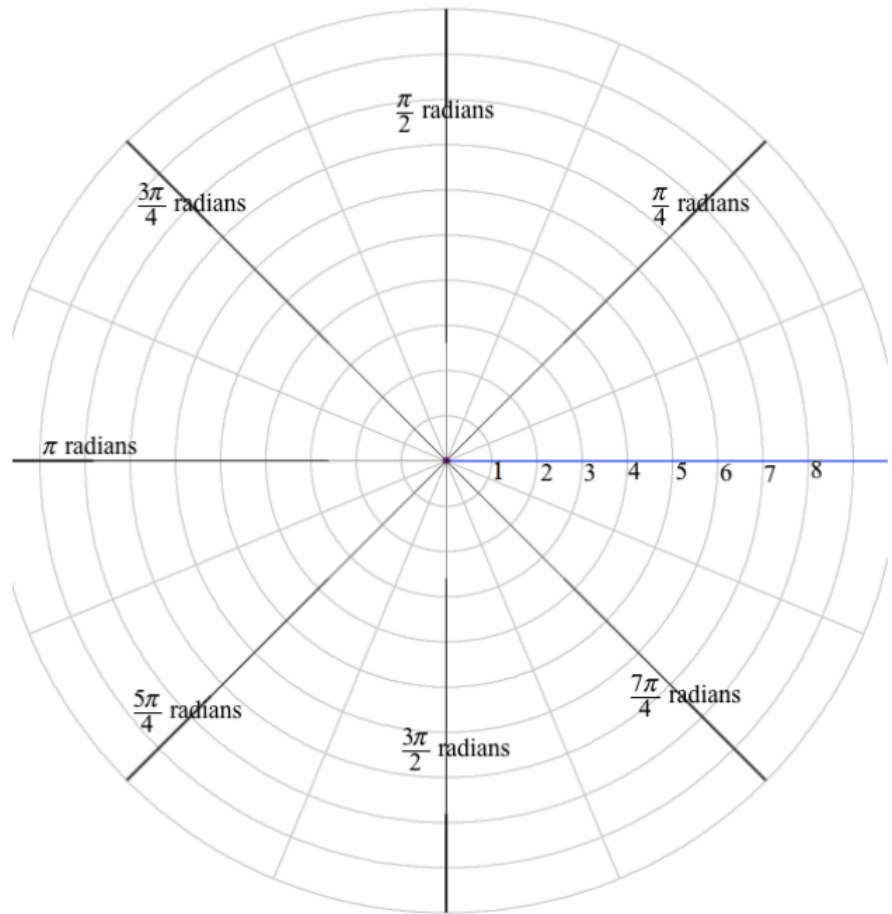
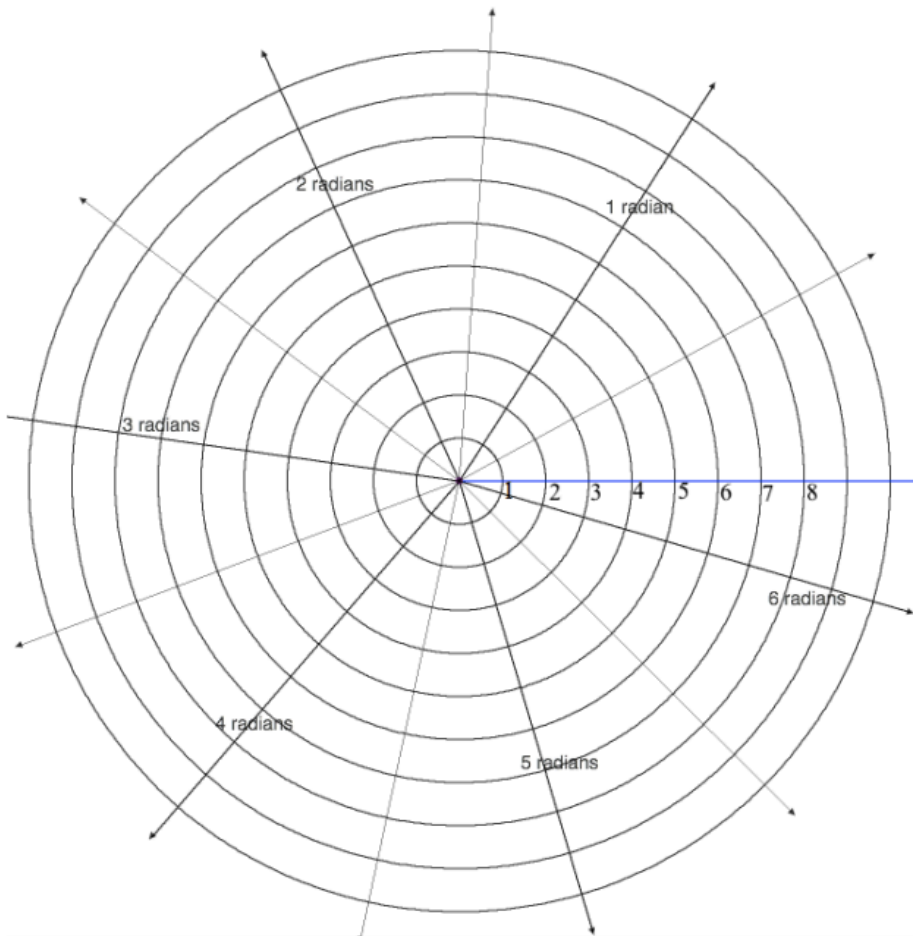


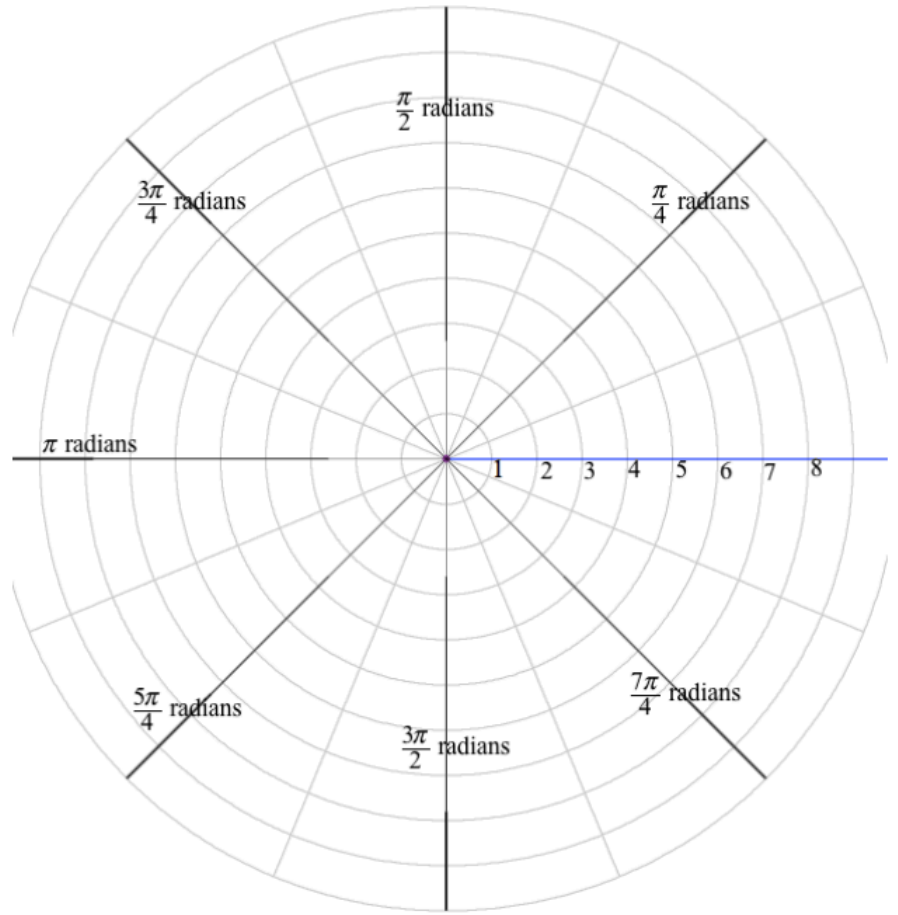
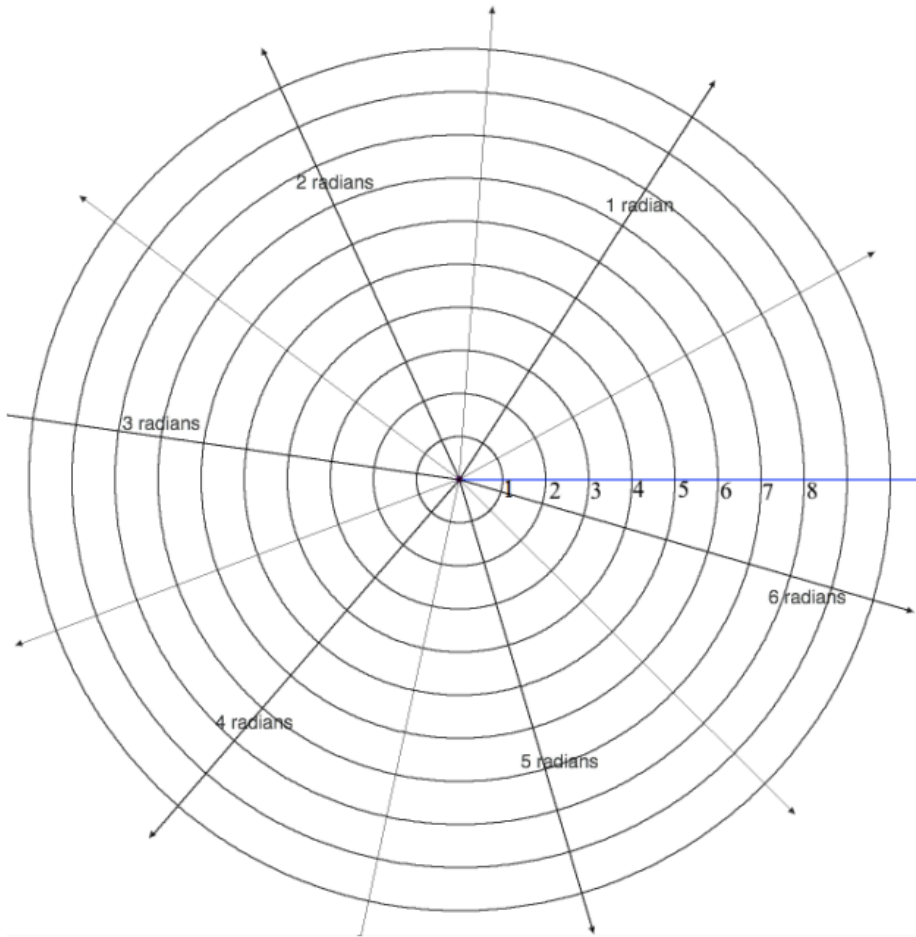
Exercise 3.9.5: Graphing in Polar Drawing Handout

For parts a) through d), graph each equation on *both* coordinate planes. Try not to plot points, but rather draw the graph smoothly while mentally estimating values of variables. Check your sketched graph with GC (type “theta” to get “ θ ”), and set the given domains for r and θ in GC. When you are done, scan

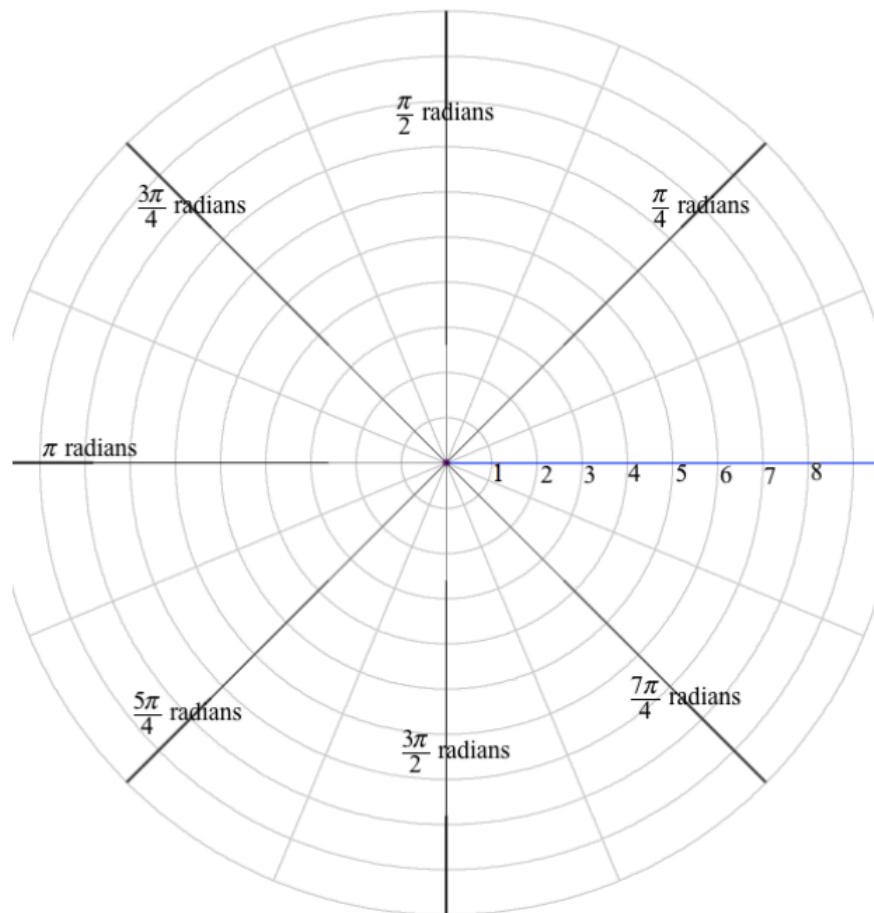
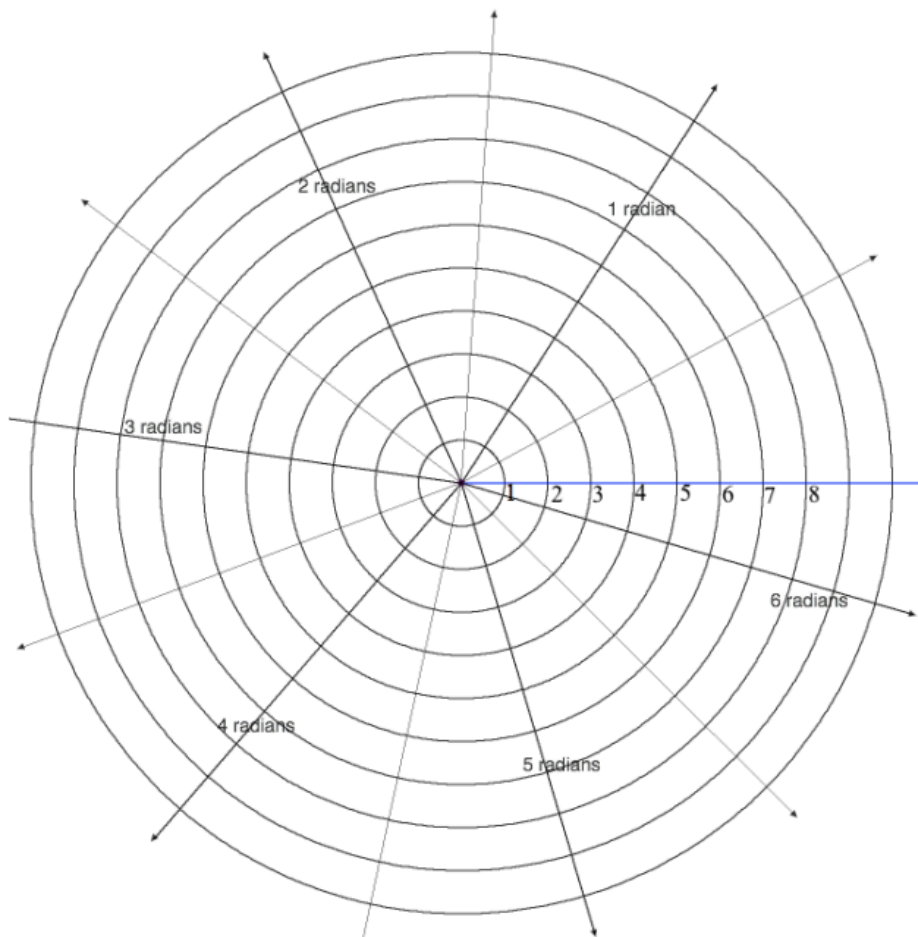
- I. Any graph of the form $r = m \cdot \theta$ (where m is a non-zero real number) is called an Archimedean spiral. Graph the following Archimedean spiral on *both* the left and right coordinate planes: $r = 0.1 \cdot \theta, 0 \leq \theta < 10\pi$



II. Graph the following on both the left and right coordinate planes: $r = 5 - \theta, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$



III. Graph the following on both the left and right coordinate planes: $r = \sin(\theta)$, $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$



IV. Graph the following on both the left and right coordinate planes: $\theta = \sin(r)$, $-8 \leq r \leq 8$

